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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 194

BY JUDICIARY, RULES AND ADMINISTRATION COMMITTEE

AN ACT 1 RELATING TO CHILD SUPPORT; AMENDING SECTION 7-610, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE 2 THAT THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND WELFARE SHALL FILE A CONTEMPT AFFI-3 DAVIT WITH THE COURT THAT ISSUED A CHILD SUPPORT ORDER UNDER CERTAIN 4 5 CIRCUMSTANCES AND TO MAKE A TECHNICAL CORRECTION; AMENDING SECTION 7-1202, IDAHO CODE, TO DEFINE A TERM AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; 6 AND AMENDING CHAPTER 12, TITLE 7, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW 7 SECTION 7-1204, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE THAT AN OBLIGOR IN CONTEMPT OF 8 A CHILD SUPPORT ORDER MAY NOT PETITION TO MODIFY CHILD CUSTODY UNDER 9 CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES AND TO PROVIDE A PROBATION PROGRAM FOR DELINQUENT 10 OBLIGORS. 11

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 7-610, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 7-610. JUDGMENT -- PENALTY -- AFFIDAVIT OF CHILD SUPPORT DELIN-QUENCY. (1) Upon the answer and evidence taken, the court or judge must determine whether the person proceeded against is guilty of the contempt charged, and if it be adjudged that he is quilty of the contempt, a fine may be imposed on him not exceeding five thousand dollars (\$5,000), or he may be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) days, or both; provided that a person who is quilty of contempt for neglecting to attend or serve as a juror when summoned to do so, or for failing to appear as a prospective juror when summoned by the jury commission under section 2-208(4), Idaho Code, shall be fined in an amount not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500), or may be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) days, or both; and except that if the contempt of which the defendant be adjudged guilty be a disobedience of a judgment or order for the support of minor children, he may be imprisoned not exceeding thirty (30) days in addition to such fine, under this section, as the court may impose. Additionally, the court, in its discretion, may award attorney's fees and costs to the prevailing party.
- (2) When there is a delinquency under a child support order for which the department of health and welfare is or has been providing child support enforcement services, when such delinquency is equal to or greater than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), and when the department possesses evidence that the person in delinquency has the ability to make child support payments as ordered, the department must file with the court that issued the child support order an affidavit pursuant to section 7-603, Idaho Code, in order to initiate contempt proceedings against the person in delinquency. Prior to filing an affidavit, the department may demand that a person in delinquency provide to the department, within fifteen (15) days of such demand, evidence of a material change in circumstances sufficient to demonstrate that the person is not able to make child support payments as ordered.

SECTION 2. That Section 7-1202, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

7-1202. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Child support" means a legally enforceable obligation assessed against an individual for the support of a child, which shall include medical care, including health insurance premiums for the child, and any amount owing under an order for support during a period in which public assistance was expended.
- (2) "Current support" means the amount owing for the present month pursuant to a child support order, excluding any delinquency.
- (3) "Delinquency" means unpaid support for a minor child or spouse which that has accrued under an order.
 - (34) "Department" means the department of health and welfare.
- (45) "Obligee" means any person, state agency or bureau entitled by order to receive child support payments or child and spousal support payments.
- (56) "Obligor" means any person obligated by order to pay child or spousal support.
- $(\frac{67}{2})$ "Order" means a judgment, decree, order, or administrative ruling directing a person or persons to pay money for support of a minor child or a spouse.
- (78) "Income" means any form of payment to an individual, regardless of source, including, but not limited to, wages, salary, commission, compensation as an independent contractor, worker's compensation, disability, veteran's annuity and retirement benefits, and any other payments made by any person, private entity, federal or state government, any unit of local government, school district or any entity created by a public act.
- SECTION 3. That Chapter 12, Title 7, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 7-1204, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 7-1204. CONTEMPT OF CHILD SUPPORT ORDER -- EFFECT ON PETITION TO MOD-IFY CHILD CUSTODY. (1) If an obligor is found guilty of contempt of a child support order pursuant to chapter 6, title 7, Idaho Code, and the obligor's delinquency under such order is at least ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), then the obligor may not file or be heard on a petition for modification of a child custody order concerning the child or children whose support is delinquent until the obligor has:
 - (a) Reduced the delinquency to less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000);
 - (b) Satisfied obligations under the support order for the last twelve (12) months; and
 - (c) Participated in and successfully completed a twelve (12) month period of probation as described in subsection (2) of this section.
- (2) The department is required to establish a probation program for obligors with delinquencies. Under such program, an obligor must:
 - (a) Meet, on at least a monthly basis, with a department employee assigned to oversee the obligor's probation; and
 - (b) Submit a monthly budget to such employee, which budget must include amounts apportioned to:

- (i) Satisfy the obligor's current support under the child support order; and 1
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- (ii) Reduce the obligor's delinquency.